CS52: Recursion Patterns

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Numeric recursion

```
fun numrec n = if n < 0 then
                    negative_case – possibly an exception
               else if n = 0 then
                    base_case
               else
                    expression_involving_recursive_call;
```

Examples:
 factorial
 numList
 sumList (from assignment 0)

Numeric recursion + baggage

```
fun numrec m n = if n < 0 then
                    negative_case — possibly an exception
                else if n = 0 then
                    base_case
                else
                    expression_involving_m_and_recursive_call;
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on one of the numbers.*

Examples:
 power
 interval
 interval2

Simple list recursion

```
fun listrec []      = base case
  | listrec (x::xs) =
        expression_involving_(listrec xs);
```

Examples:
 appendAll   myLength
 sumList (from lecture)   cubeAll
 rev (version 1.0)   uniquify
duplicate   myAppend

Simple list recursion + baggage

```
fun listrec y []        = base case
  | listrec y (x::xs) =
        expression_involving_y_and_(listrec xs);
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on the list.*

Examples:
 lessThanList   member
 myFilter   funPairs
 map   consAll

Simultaneous list recursion

```
fun sumulrec []          _          = base case
  | sumulrec _           []         = base case2
  | sumulrec (x::xs) (y::ys) =
       expression_involving_(smulrec xs ys);
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on the list.*

Examples:
 sameValues
 myZip

Recursion with an accumulator

```
fun accumrec acc []      = expression_involving_acc
  | accumrec acc (x::xs) =
      expression_with_recursive_call_x_xs_and_acc
      (acc should be "added to" in the call)
```

Examples:
 revAux
 addAllAux (from Intro to SML)